

	RS232	Motor SEL				
			P P	NR/ALM		
		EMS	825	PUL+	-	
		Luc	Delug	PUL-		
		Micros	tep Drive			
				DIR+		
5 S			Current Table (Peak=RMS×1.4	DIR-		
PU	selrev Table	SW6 SW7 SW8	Peak RMS SW1 SW2 SW3			
PL	efault on		Default on on on 2.7A 1.93A off on on	ENA+	.01	1. 1983 B
ľ	800 off	on on on on off on on	3.6A 2.57A ON Off UN	ENA-	-	
	1600 on 3200 off	off on on off on on	4.6A 3.29A off off on		-	
	6400 on	on off on	3.34 0.337 1 on off	ALM+	81	
	12800 off	on off on off on	7.3A 5.21A on off off	ALM-		
	25600 on 51200 off	off off on	8.2A 5.86A off off off	-		
	1000 on	on on off	SW4: off=Half Current;	SW8		
	2000 off	on on off	on=Full Current	SW7 SW6		
	4000 on	off on off		SW5		a standard
	5000 off	off on off		SW4		
	0008 on	on off off	Motor SEL Table	SW3		
	10000 off	on off off off off off	Motor No Motor No			
	20000 on 40000 off	off off off	Default 0 Reserved 8	SW1	L So L	
Ľ	40000 off		57CM23 1 Reserved 9	A+		
	ALM LE	ED Codes	60CM30 2 Reserved A			
	ALM	RD Times	86CM35 3 Reserved B	A-	1 A A	14 A.
	Over	1	86HS40 4 Reserved C			
	current	21	86CM45 5 Reserved D	B+		
	Over	2	86CM80 6 Reserved E	B-	100	
	voltage	•	86CM85 7 Reserved F			
				VDC		
S	unniv Volta	ge: 20 - 80VDC		GND		9
č	ontrol Signa	al Voltage: 5VD	c € RoHS	GND		
		3. 310				MODEL:EM882S (S) MODEL:EM882S (S) Maddhine com Made in China

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Important Notice

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Record of Revisions

Revision	Date	Description of Release
1.0	Oct, 2017	Initial Release



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1. Introduction

The EM882S is a new digital stepper drive based on Leadshine's widely implemented DM stepper drives (10+ millions of units in field). While retaining features of simple design, easy setup, high precision and reliability, Leadshine has also upgraded it by adopting the latest stepper control technology and added additional advanced features for better torque (10-25%), quicker response time, control command smoothing, motor selector, etc.

The EM882S is able to power 2 phase (1.8°) and 4 phase (0.9°) stepper motors smoothly with very low motor heating & noise. It can take 20-80VDC supply voltage and output 0.5 to 8.2A current. All the micro step, output current configurations and motor model selection can be easily done via built in DIP switches. Therefore, the EM882S is an ideal choice for many applications requiring simple step & direction or CW/CCW control of NEMA 23, 24 and 34 stepper motors.

1.1 Features

- Step & direction (PUL/DIR) or CW/CCW (double pulse) control
- 20-80VDC supply voltage
- 200 KHz max pulse input frequency
- 16 microstep resolutions of 400-51,200 via DIP switches, or 200-51,200 via software (increase by 200)
- 8 output current settings of 2.1-8.2A via DIP Switches, or 0.5-8.2A via software (increase by 0.1)
- Configurable control command smoothing for reducing motor vibration
- Idle current reduction to 50% or 100% selection via SW4
- Sensor-less stall detection
- Auto-tuning and motor model selection to match wide-range stepper motors
- Anti-Resonance for optimal torque, extra smooth motion, low motor heating and noise
- Soft-start with no "jump" when powered on
- Fault output
- Over-voltage and over-current protections
- CE certified and RoHS compliant

1.2 Applications

The EM882S stepper drive is designed to power 2 phase (1.8°) or 4-phase (0.9°) NEMA23, 24 and 34 hybrid stepper motors. It can be adopted in many industries (CNC machinery, electronics, medical, automation, packaging...) for applications such as CNC routers, mills, plasma, laser cutters, factory assembly lines, vending machines, etc. Its excellent performance, simple design, and easy setup features make EM882S ideal for many step & direction control type applications.



2. Specifications

2.1 Electrical Specifications

Min	Typical	Max	Unit
0.5	-	8.2 (5.9 RMS)	А
20	24 - 72	80	VDC
7	10	16	mA
0	-	200	kHz
2.5	-	-	μs
5.0	-	-	μs
500	-	-	MΩ
	0.5 20 7 0 2.5 5.0	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} 0.5 & - & & \\ 20 & 24 - 72 & \\ 7 & 10 & & \\ 0 & - & & \\ 2.5 & - & & \\ 5.0 & - & & \\ \end{array}$	0.5 - 8.2 (5.9 RMS) 20 24 - 72 80 7 10 16 0 - 200 2.5 - - 5.0 - -

2.2 Environment

Cooling	Natural	al Cooling or Forced cooling			
	Environment	Avoid dust, oil fog and corrosive gases			
	Ambient Temperature	$0 - 65^{\circ}C (32 - 149^{\circ}F)$			
Operating Environment	Humidity	40 — 90%RH			
	Operating Temperature	$0 - 50^{\circ}C (32 - 122^{\circ}F)$			
	Vibration	10-50Hz / 0.15mm			
Storage Temperature	-20° C — 65° C (-4° F - 149° F)				
Weight	Approx. 500g (17.6 oz)				

2.3 Mechanical Specifications

(unit: mm [1inch=25.4mm])

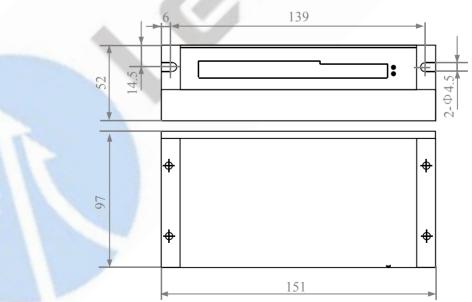


Figure 1 Mechanical specifications

^{*} Side mounting recommended for better heat dissipation



2.4 Elimination of Heat

- EM882S's working temperature is less than 60°C (140°F)
- It is recommended to use automatic idle-current mode to reduce motor heating. That means set the SW4 pin of DIP switch at "OFF" position.
- It is recommended to mount the drive vertically to maximize heat sink area. Use forced cooling method to cool if necessary.

3. Connection Pin Assignments and LED Indication

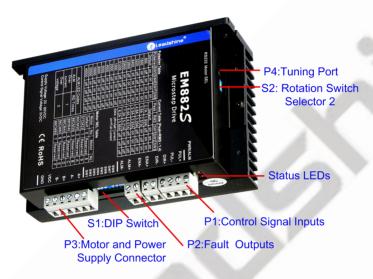


Figure 2 Connectors, DIP switches, and LED locations

The EM882S has 4 connectors P1, P2, P3 and P4, 2 DIP switch S1 and rotation switch S2. P1 is for control signal connections, P2 is for fault output, P3 is for motor and power connection, P4 is for fine tuning.

3.1 P1 - Control Connector Configurations

DIN	
PIN	Details
PUL+ (CW+)	Pulse and Direction Connection:
	(1) Optically isolated, high level 4.5-5V, low voltage 0-0.5V
PUL- (CW-)	(2) Maximum 200 KHz input frequency
	(3) The width of PUL signal is at least 2.5µs, duty cycle is recommended 50%
DIR+ (CCW+)	(4) Single pulse (step & direction) or double pulse (CW/CCW) is set by Leadshine ProTuner
	(5) DIR signal requires advance PUL signal minimum 5 μ s in single pulse mode
DIR- (CCW-)	(6) The voltage of control signal is 5V, need to connect a 2K resistance when it is 24V
	Enable Connection: Optional.
ENA+	(1) Optically isolated, differential.
	(2) Disable the drive by 4.5-5.0V input connection; enable the drive by 0-0.5V connection(default
	no connection)
ENA-	(3) ENA signal requires advance DIR signal minimum 5μ s in single pulse mode
	(4) Enable time to be at least 200ms
•	



3.2 P2 - Fault Output Connector

Pin	Details
ALM+	Fault Output Connection: Optional.
	(1) Maximum 24V/80mA output when over-voltage and over-current error protections
АТЛЛ	activated. (2) Sinking or sourcing. (3) The resistance between ALM+ and ALM- is low
ALM-	impedance as default, and will change to high when the drive goes into error protection.

3.3 P3 - Motor and Power Connector

PIN	Details
A+	Connect to motor A+ wire
А-	Connect to motor A- wire
B+	Connect to motor B+ wire
В-	Connect to motor B- wire
+VDC	Connect to power supply positive connection. Suggest 24-72VDC power supply voltage
GND	Connect to power supply ground connection.

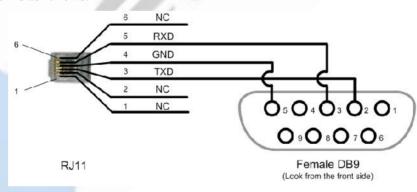
Warning: Don't plug/unplug P3 connector to avoid drive damage or injury while powered on.

3.4 P4 - Tuning Port

EM882S has a tuning port with RS232 to modify the drive parameters, it's only for tuning, not for equipment control because neither precision nor stability is sufficient. If you need a field bus drive, use a Leadshine RS485 or EtherCAT type drives:

(http://www.leadshine.com/ProductSubType.aspx?type=products&category=stepper-products&producttype=stepper-dr ives&subtype=network-stepper-drives

The interface definition is as follows:



3.5 Status LED Lights

There are two LED lights for EM882S. The GREEN one is the power indicator which should be always on in normal circumstance. The RED one is a drive status indication light, which will be OFF while working normally but ON and flash 1 or 2 times in a 3-second period in the case of enabled over-current or over-voltage protection.



4. Control Signal and Fault Output

4.1 Control Signal Connection

The EM882S can accept differential or single-ended control signals (pulse, direction, and enable) in open-collector or PNP connection through the P1 connector (figure 2). It is recommend to add an EMI line filter between the power supply and the drive to increase noise immunity for the drive in interference environments.

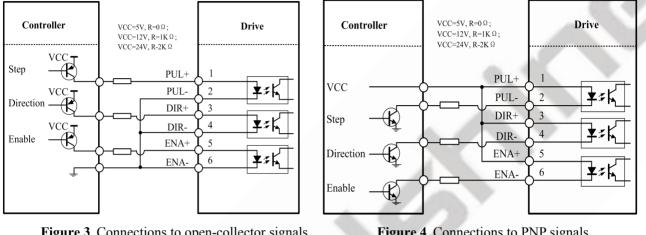
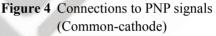
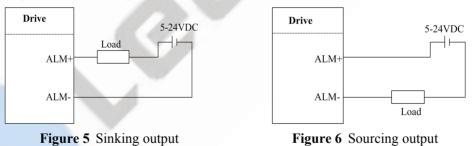


Figure 3 Connections to open-collector signals (Common-anode)



4.2 Fault Output Connection

When over voltage or over current protection happens, EM882S red status LED light will blink and the impedance state between ALM+ and ALM- will change (from low to high or high to low depending on configuration) and can thus be detected. Fault output connection is optional, and it can be connected either in sinking or sourcing.



5. Stepper Motor Connections

EM882S can drive 2-phase and 4-phase bipolar hybrid stepper motors with 4, 6, or 8 leads, Leadshine also offers easy-to-use and good-performance motors with 4-lead that have been tested with EM882S: (http://www.leadshine.com/series.aspx?type=products&category=stepper-products&producttype=stepper-motors&subt ype=hybrid-stepper-motors&series=cm)

5.1 4-lead Motor Connection (recommended)

4-lead motor is easy to use with excellent performance. Refer to figure 8 for how to connect a 4-lead stepper motor.



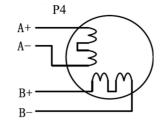


Figure 7 4-lead Motor Connection

5.2 6-lead Motor Connection

EM882S can power 6-lead stepper motors through half coil connection (half chopper) or full coil (full copper) connection. The half coil connection only uses one half of the motor's winding and is usually selected in applications requiring high speed but lower torque. The full coil connection uses the full coil winding and is usually selected in high-torque required applications. Refer to figure 8 and 9 for those two connections.

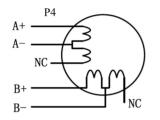


Figure 8 6-lead motor half coil connection

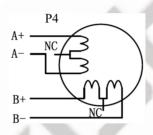


Figure 9 6-lead motor full coil connection

5.3 8-lead Motor Connection

EM882S can power 8-lead in series or parallel connection in series or parallel.

Series connected 8-lead stepper motors are typically implemented in applications which higher torque at lower speed movement is required. Because a stepper motors under series connection has the most inductance, the performance will start to degrade when the motor runs at higher speed. For this connection, it is suggested to set an EM882S's output RMS current to no more than 70% of the stepper motor's phase current to prevent overheating. See the figure 10 for how to connect an 8-lead stepper motor for series connection.

Parallel connected 8-lead stepper motors are typically implemented in applications which higher torque at high speed movement is required. Compared with series connection, a parallel connected stepper motor has lower inductance and therefore have better torque performance at higher speed movement. Although setting the drive output current to 1.4 times of driven motor phase current will get the most torque, it is suggested to set an EM882S's output current (peak of sinusoidal) to no more than 1.2 times the stepper motor's phase current to prevent overheating. Refer to the figure 11 for how to connect an 8-lead stepper motor for parallel connection.

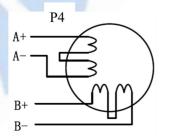


Figure 10 8-lead motor series connection

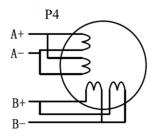


Figure 11 8-lead motor parallel connection



6. Power Supply Selection

EM882S is designed to power stepper motors (frame sizes NEMA 23 to 34) made by Leadshine or other motor manufacturers. To get optimal performances, it is important to select proper power supply type, voltage, and supply output current. In general power supply voltage determines the high speed performance of a stepper motor, while drive output current determines the driven motor torque output. Higher supply voltage can increases motor speed torque performance, but at the same time result in more noise and motor heating. For low motor speed applications, it is suggested to use lower supply voltage power supplies.

6.1 Regulated or Unregulated Power Supply

Both regulated and unregulated power supplies can be used to power an EM882S. Theoretically unregulated power supplies are preferred due to their ability to withstand back EMF current surge and faster response for current change. If you prefer to use a regulated power supply instead, it is suggested to choose one specially designed for stepper or servo controls such as one Leadshine RPS series power supply:

http://www.leadshine.com/ProductSubType.aspx?type=products&category=other-products&producttype=power-suppli es&subtype=regulated-switching-power-supplies. In the case when only general purpose switching power supplies are available, choose one with "OVERSIZED" current output rating (for example, using a 4A power supply for 3A stepper motor) to avoid current clamp. On the other hand, if unregulated supply is used, one may use a power supply of lower current rating than that of motor (typically 50% - 70% of motor phase current). The reason is that the drive only draws current from an unregulated power supply during the ON duration of the PWM cycle, but not during the OFF duration.

6.2 Power Supply Sharing

Multiple EM882S drives can share the same power supply, if that power supply has enough capacity. To avoid cross interference, connect each EM882S DIRECTLY to that shared power supply separately instead of connecting those power connectors of drives in daisy-chain connection.

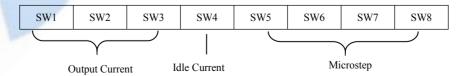
6.3 Selecting Supply Voltage

EM882S's operating voltage is 20-80 VDC. Because of voltage increasing from potential power line voltage fluctuation and back EMF voltage generated during motor deceleration, it is suggested to use a 24-72 VDC power supply.

7. DIP Switch Configurations

The EM882S has one 8-bit DIP switch and one 16-bit rotation switch selector. "Default" means that parameters can be modified by Leadshine ProTuner software.

The DIP switch S1 in Figure 2 and used to configure settings of micro step resolution, output current, and motor standstill current as shown below, the factory setting of SW1-SW8 is ON, ON, ON, OFF, ON, ON, ON, ON.





The rotation Switch S2 is located on the top (rotation switch selector 2 in figure 2) for motor selection.

7.1 Output Current Configuration (SW1-3)

The EM882S has 8 output current settings which can be configured through DIP switch SW1, SW2 and SW3.

For a given stepper motor, as normal setting the output current to 1.4 times of motor phase current, will make it output larger torque, but at the same time cause more heating for both the motor and drive. Therefore, it is suggested to set a output current (peak of sinusoidal) to no more than 1.2 times the stepper motor's (for 4-lead motor) phase current to prevent overheating.

The SW1, SW2 and SW3 are used to set the dynamic current. Select a setting closest to your motor's required current. When they are set to ON, ON, ON, the output current can be set by Leadshine ProTuner.

Peak Current	RMS Current	SW1	SW2	SW3
2.1A	1.48A (default)	ON	ON	ON
2.7A	1.93A	OFF	ON	ON
3.6A	2.57A	ON	OFF	ON
4.6A	3.29A	OFF	OFF	ON
5.5A	3.93A	ON	ON	OFF
6.4A	4.57A	OFF	ON	OFF
7.3A	5.21A	ON	OFF	OFF
8.2A	5.86A	OFF	OFF	OFF

7.2 Idle Current Configuration (SW4)

The SW4 of an EM882S is used to set output current percentage when motor is standstill. Idle current percentage will be set to 50% at OFF position, and 100% at ON position. When the driven stepper motor is idle (no movement) for 0.4 second, the output current of EM882S will be automatically reduced to the configured percentage.

7.3 Micro Step Configuration (SW5-8)

Each EM882S has 16 micro step settings which can be configured through DIP switch SW5, SW6, SW7 and SW8. See the following table for detail. When they are set to ON, ON, ON, ON, ON, the microstep can be set via Leadshine ProTuner.

Micro step	Pulses/Rev. (for 1.8°motor)	SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8
2	400 (default)	ON	ON	ON	ON
4	800	OFF	ON	ON	ON
8	1600	ON	OFF	ON	ON
16	3200	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
32	6400	ON	ON	OFF	ON
64	12800	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
128	25600	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
256	51200	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
5	1000	ON	ON	ON	OFF
10	2000	OFF	ON	ON	OFF



	EM882S Digital Stepper Drive User Manual					
20	4000	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	
25	5000	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	
40	8000	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	
50	10000	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	
100	20000	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	
200	40000	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	

7.4 Auto-tuning and Motor Model Selection (Rotary Switch)

	Motor	Code	Motor	Code
	Default	0	Reserved	8
	57CM23	1	Reserved	9
345	60CM30X	2	Reserved	Α
	86CM35	3	Reserved	В
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	86HS40	4	Reserved	С
B C D L	86CM45	5	Reserved	D
	86CM80	6	Reserved	Е
	86CM85	7	Reserved	F

Auto-tuning means that the current loop parameters are automatically configured when the EM882S is powered on. When the rotary switch is set to "0", or "8" - "F", you can turn off auto-tuning and modify current loop parameters through ProTuner

Motor Model Selection means that the current loop parameters and resonant point damping parameters are automatically configured when EM882S is powered on.

Every time change the rotary switch, you need to restart the power supply to activate the setting.

### 7.5 Smoothing Filter Time Configuration (ProTuner)

EM882S has an advanced feature called control command smoothing to make the input pulse from pulse generator (controller, PLC, etc.) S-curve acceleration, to improve motion smoothness and high-speed start frequency in many circumstances. The Filter Time value must be set to the same for each EM882S in multi-axis applications

### 7.6 Activated Pulse Edge Configuration (ProTuner)

The factory setting is activated at voltage rising edge, make sure this setting will match the pulse generator (controller, PLC, etc.). When the stepper motors loss step, first this parameter for a test.

### 7.7 Control Mode Configuration (ProTuner)

The factory setting is single pulse (step & direction, or pulse & direction) control. Please modify this parameter when you need the double pulse (CW/CCW) control mode.

### 8. Wiring Notes

• In order to improve anti-interference performance of the drive, it is recommended to use twisted pair shield cable.



- To prevent noise incurred in PUL/DIR signal, pulse/direction signal wires and motor wires should not be tied up together. It is better to separate them by at least 10 cm; otherwise the disturbing signals generated by motor will easily disturb pulse direction signals, causing motor position error, system instability and other failures.
- If only one power supply serves multiple EM882S drives, separately connecting the drives to the power supply is recommended instead of daisy-chaining.
- It is prohibited to pull and plug connector P3&P4 while the drive is powered ON, because there is high current flowing through motor coils (even when motor is at standstill). Pulling or plugging connector P4 with power on will cause extremely high back-EMF voltage surge, which may damage the drive.

## 9. Typical Connection

A complete stepping system should include stepping motor, stepping drive, power supply and controller (pulse generator). A typical connection is shown as figure 12.

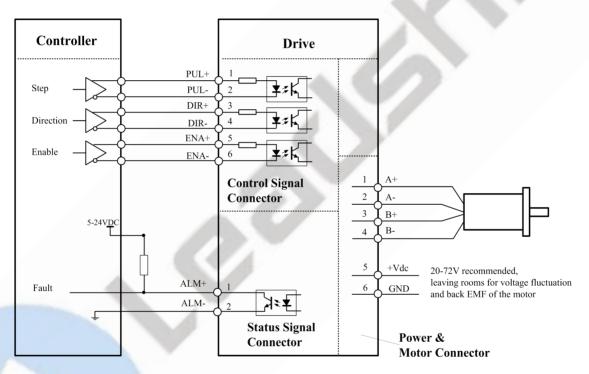


Figure 12 Typical connection

## **10. Sequence Chart of Control Signals**

In order to avoid some fault operations and deviations, PUL, DIR and ENA should abide by some rules, shown as following diagram:



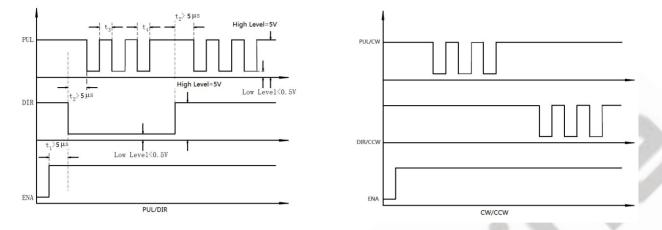


Figure 13 Sequence chart of control signals

#### Remark:

- a) t₁: ENA must be ahead of DIR by at least 200ms. Usually, ENA+ and ENA- are NC (not connected). See "Connector P1 Configurations" for more information.
- b)  $t_2$ : DIR must be ahead of PUL effective edge by 5µs to ensure correct direction;
- c)  $t_3$ : Pulse width not less than 2.5 $\mu$ s, duty cycle recommend 50%
- d)  $t_4$ : Low level width not less than 2.5 $\mu$ s

### **11. Protection Functions**

EM882S incorporates are built with over-voltage and over-current error protections. When it is under error protection, the red LED light will blink for 1 or 2 or 4 times in a period of 3 seconds. If fault output connection is connected, the impedance mode between ALM+ and ALM- will be changed (See "Fault Output Configuration" section for detail).

Priority	Time(s) of Blink	Sequence wave of red LED	Description
1 st	Always on		The drive was short-circuited or burned out.
1 st	1		Over-current protection activated when peak current exceeds the limit.
2 nd	2		Over-voltage protection activated when drive working voltage is greater than 90VDC
3 rd	5		Motor stall protection
		Figure 14         Error Protections	

When above protections are activated, the motor shaft will be free or the red LED blinks. Reset the drive by restart it to make it function properly after removing above problems.



# **12. Troubleshooting**

In the event that your drive doesn't operate properly, the first step is to identify whether the problem is electrical or mechanical in nature. The next step is to isolate the system component that is causing the problem. As part of this process you may have to disconnect the individual components that make up your system and verify that they operate independently. It is important to document each step in the troubleshooting process. You may need this documentation to refer back to at a later date, and these details will greatly assist our Technical Support staff in determining the problem should you need assistance.

Many of the problems that affect motion control systems can be traced to electrical noise, controller software errors, or mistake in wiring.

Trouble	Solution Measures
	No power, to start power supply
Motor is not notating	Pulse/revolution setting is wrong
Motor is not rotating	DIP switch current setting is wrong
	Fault condition exists or the drive is disabled
Motor rotates in the wrong	Motor phases may be connected in reverse
direction	Pulse mode may be wrong
Ded light blinking	Red light blinks 1 time or always on, try not to connect the motor and restart the power supply
Red light blinking	Red light blinks 2 times, check the power voltage and restart the power supply
	Red light blink 5 times means motor stall
	Current setting is too small, losing steps
Erratic motor motion	Wrong motor connection or has broken circuit in motor coil.
	The current of the control signals is not in the range of 7-15mA
	Control signals don't meet the requirements of <u>chapter 10</u> , check the waveform
	of the control signals
	Output current of the drive is too small or motor torque is not enough
	Acceleration is set too high
Motor stalls or loss steps	Power supply voltage too low
	Modify the activated edge value in the ProTuner or the control signal is interfered
	with.
Excessive motor and drive	Inadequate heat sinking / cooling
heating	Automatic current reduction function not being utilized
uning .	Reduce output current

### **Problem Symptoms and Possible Causes**



# 13. Warranty

### **Twelve Month Warranty**

Leadshine Technology Co., Ltd. warrants its products against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 12 months from shipment out of factory. During the warranty period, Leadshine will either, at its option, repair or replace products which proved to be defective.

### Exclusions

The above warranty does not extend to any product damaged by reasons of improper or inadequate handlings by customer, improper or inadequate customer wirings, unauthorized modification or misuse, or operation beyond the electrical specifications of the product and/or operation beyond environmental specifications for the product. Obtaining Warranty Service

To obtain warranty service, please contact your seller to obtain a returned material authorization number (RMA) before returning product for service.

### **Shipping Failed Products**

If your product fail during the warranty period, please contact your seller for how and where to ship the failed product for warranty or repair services first, you can also e-mail customer service at <u>tech@leadshine.com</u> to obtain a returned material authorization number (RMA) before returning product for service. Please include a written description of the problem along with contact name and address.